MAXIMUS DEVELOPMENTS AUSTRALIA

TOWN PLANNING / URBAN DESIGN / PROJECT MANAGEMENT

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STATEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

84 ROGERS STREET ROSELANDS NSW 2196

CHANGE OF USE TO STORAGE PREMISES



PROJECT DETAILS

Legal Description	Lot C/-/DP354967	Property Address	84 Rogers Street
			Roselands NSW
			2196
Project Reference	2025-1093		
Date	April 2024	Revision	А
Architect	RMA Built		

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PROPOSAL

The proposal seeks development consent via a development application (DA) for the change of use to a storage premises on land known as 84 Rogers Street, Roselands NSW 2208. This Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) has been prepared in accordance with the Statutory considerations of Schedule 1 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021 (as amended). A site inspection has occurred of the site and the immediate surrounding area in preparation of this planning report.

This Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) is to be read in conjunction with the following accompanying supplementary documentation as listed below;

Document	Author	Reference	Date
Survey	Masri Survey		11/06/2024
	Group Pty		
Architectural Plans	RMA Built		23/10/24
Plan of Management /	Maximus	Rev B	April 2025
Waste Management	Developments		
Plan	Australia		

Table 1: List of supplementary documentation

Report Summary

Table 2.1: Strategic Context

Strategic Direction	Authority	Proposal meets objectives and spirit of plan
A Plan for Growing Sydney	NSW Department of	Yes
	Planning	
Canterbury-Bankstown Community	City of Canterbury-	Yes
Strategic Plan 2028	Bankstown	
Canterbury-Bankstown Local Environmental	City of Canterbury-	Yes
Plan 2023	Bankstown	

Table 2.2: Evaluation Planning considerations

Planning Considerations	Compliance
State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPP's)	Yes
Canterbury-Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2021	Yes
Canterbury-Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023	Yes

Table 3.3: Key Impacts and Considerations

Consideration	Comment	Compliance
Character, bulk	No change to existing built form as the proposal seeks a	Yes
and scale	change to use to a storage premises. The site is currently vacant.	
Car parking	The proposal seeks to utilise existing car parking spaces on site.	Yes
Trees and landscaping	No change to existing.	Yes
Overshadowing / Solar access	No change to existing as the built form is unchanged.	Yes
Stormwater	The proposed use seeks a change of use, no change to external building works are proposed.	Yes
Privacy	The proposal is not considered to result in any unreasonable privacy impacts given that the use relates to a ground floor premises	Yes
Acoustic	The proposal is not considered to result in any unreasonable acoustic impacts given the use. Standard hours of operation are sought between 7.00am – 5.00pm Monday to Saturday. Closed on Sunday.	Yes

Research Background

The proposal has taken in consideration with the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021 (as amended), State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021, State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021, State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021, State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry And Employment) 2021, Canterbury-Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023 and Canterbury-Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023 (as amended).

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- PART A: Site Description and Proposal
- PART B: Statutory Considerations
- PART C: Conclusion

PART A: SITE DESCRIPTION AND PROPOSAL

Description of subject site

The subject site is legally described as Lot C/-/DP354967 and is known as 84 Rogers Street, Roselands NSW 2196. The site forms an irregular shaped allotment and is dimensioned as follows; m, with a total site area of sqm. The site is zoned IN2 Light Industrial within the Canterbury Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023. A single storey building is located on site. Vehicular access is granted via Rogers Street, Roselands.



Fig.1 Photograph of subject site viewed from Rogers Street, Roselands (Source: Maximus Developments Australia, 2024).



Fig 2. Aerial extract: Subject site and surrounding area (Metromap, 2024).



Fig 3. Historical aerial extract from 2000, Subject site and surrounding area which indicates the previous adjoining industrial use adjoining to the west (Metromap, 2024).



Fig 4. Zoning Extract of subject site which is IN2 Light Industrial under the Canterbury-Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023 (Source Department of Planning, NSW Planning Portal 2024).

Surrounding Context

The immediate surrounding context is of comprises of a mixture of uses. The site adjoins industrial zoning to the east which includes Council's depot. Residential is located to the west.



Fig. 5 Photograph of immediate surrounding context (Source: Maximus Developments Australia, 2024).



Fig. 6 *Photograph of immediate surrounding context (Source: Maximus Developments Australia, 2024).*



Fig. **7** *Photograph of immediate surrounding context (Source: Maximus Developments Australia, 2024).*

Site History

Council's records indicate that the site has been historically used for a dwelling house however the site has been later zoned as IN2 Light Industrial. It is noted that there are older houses on Rodgers Street which are also zoned IN2 Light Industrial.

Description of proposal

The proposal seeks development consent for the change to a **storage premises** for electrical services. No works proposed to existing building. Storage premises is defined within the Standard Instrument as "**storage premises** means a building or place used for the storage of goods, materials, plant or machinery for commercial purposes and where the storage is not ancillary to any industry, business premises or retail premises on the same parcel of land, and includes self-storage units, but does not include a heavy industrial storage establishment or a warehouse or distribution centre".

Table 5: Key summary of proposal

Criterion	Proposed	
Hours of operation	Monday-Saturday: 7.00am - 5.00pm	
	Sunday: Closed	
Car parking	Two (2) car parking spaces only.	
Number of employees:	Four (4) maximum at a time to load and	
	unload who would visit the site. There are	
	generally no employees on site during	
	daytime.	

*Refer to Plan of Management and Waste Management Plan attachment.

Building to be used as storage.

PART B: STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS

PART 4 DIVISION 4.3 SECTION 4.15 (1)(A)(I) ANY ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING INSTRUMENT

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979 (AS AMENDED)

The proposal has been considered against Section 1.3 Objects of the Act as per below;

Table 6: Objects of the Act

Object Reference	Object	Comment	Satisfies objective
(a)	To promote the social and economic welfare of the community and a better environment by the proper management, development and conservation of the State's natural and other resources,	To the proposal is considered not to result in any adverse impacts in relation to natural and other resources.	Yes
(b)	To facilitate ecologically sustainable development by integrating relevant economic, environmental and social considerations in decision-making about environmental planning and assessment,	The proposal is not considered to be contrary to any economic, environmental and social considerations.	Yes
(c)	To promote the orderly and economic use and development of land	The proposal results in results in orderly economic use of which forms a permissible use as a storage premises.	Yes
(d)	To promote the delivery and maintenance of affordable housing,	N/A	N/A
(e)	To protect the environment, including the conservation of threatened and other species of native animals and plants, ecological communities and their habitats	No impact to trees on site or to adjoining properties.	N/A
(f)	To promote the sustainable management of built and cultural heritage (including Aboriginal cultural heritage),	The site is not affected by European or Aboriginal cultural heritage. An interim heritage order does not apply to the site.	N/A

(g)	To promote good design and amenity of the built environment	No change to existing built form.	Yes
(h)	To promote the sharing of the responsibility for environmental planning and assessment between the different levels of government in the State	Noted.	Yes
(i)	To provide increased opportunity for community participation in environmental planning and assessment.	To be notified in accordance with the provisions of the Canterbury Bankstown Community Engagement Strategy.	Yes

As per the table above, the proposal is considered to reasonably satisfy the underlying intent of the Objects of the Act.

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT REGULATIONS 2021 (AS AMENDED)

The application has been prepared in accordance with the Statutory requirements and is considered to be acceptable and sufficient for the purposes of assessment.

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICIES

The proposal has been considered in accordance with the key considerations of the following appliable State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPP's) as follows;

STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (RESILIENCE AND HAZARDS) 2021

The subject site is currently a dwelling house. The proposal seeks a change of use with no excavation works, on this basis it is considered the proposal is not inconsistent with the considerations of the SEPP.

CANTERBURY-BANKSTOWN LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2023 (AS AMENDED)

The proposal has been considered against the following provisions.

Section 1.2 Aims of the Plan

The proposal has been considered in accordance with the relevant aims (in bold) as follows;

1.2 Aims of Plan

(1) This Plan aims to make local environmental planning provisions for land in Canterbury-Bankstown in accordance with the relevant standard environmental planning instrument under section 3.20 of the Act.

(2) The particular aims of this Plan are as follows—

(aa) to protect and promote the use and development of land for arts and cultural activity, including music and other performance arts,

(a) to manage growth in a way that contributes to the sustainability of Canterbury-Bankstown,

(b) to protect landforms and enhance vegetation, especially foreshores and bushland, in a way that maintains the biodiversity values and landscape amenity of Canterbury-Bankstown,

(c) to identify, conserve and protect the Aboriginal, natural, cultural and built heritage of Canterbury-Bankstown,

(d) to provide development opportunities that are compatible with the desired future character and amenity of Canterbury-Bankstown,

(e) to restrict development on land that is sensitive to urban and natural hazards,

(f) to provide a range of residential accommodation to meet the changing needs of the population,

(g) to provide a range of business and industrial opportunities to encourage local employment and economic growth and retain industrial areas,

(h) to create vibrant town centres by focusing employment and residential uses around existing centres and public transport,

(i) to provide a range of recreational and community service opportunities and open spaces to meet the needs of residents of and visitors to Canterbury-Bankstown,

(j) to achieve good urban design in terms of site layouts, building form, streetscape, architectural roof features and public and private safety,

(k) to ensure activities that may generate intensive car usage and traffic are located near public transport that runs frequently to reduce dependence on cars and road traffic,

(*l*) to consider the cumulative impact of development on the health of the natural environment and waterways and on the capacity of infrastructure and the road network,

(m) to support healthy living and enhance the quality of life and the social well-being and amenity of the community,

(n) to ensure development is accompanied by appropriate infrastructure,

(o) to promote ecologically sustainable development.

<u>Comment:</u> The proposal seeks development consent for a storage premises, given the above the proposal is considered to reasonably satisfy the Aims of the Plan.

The proposal adequately satisfies the underlying IN2 Light Industrial objectives as follows;

- To provide a wide range of light industrial, warehouse and related land uses.
- To encourage employment opportunities and to support the viability of centres.
- To minimise any adverse effect of industry on other land uses.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of workers in the area.
- To support and protect industrial land for industrial uses.
- To promote a high standard of urban design and local amenity.

<u>Comment:</u> Given the above, the proposal is considered to be consistent with the IN2 Light Industrial Zone objectives.

Control	Requirement	Proposal	Complies
Land Use Table	IN2 – Light Industrial	A storage premises forms a permissible prescribed use within the zone with development consent. Development consent is sought forming this development application.	Yes
4.3 Height of buildings	N/A	No change to existing.	Yes

4.4 Floor Space Ratio	1:1	No change to existing.	Yes
4.5 Calculation of Floor Space Ratio and Site Area	Calculation to be undertaken as per defined for floor space ratio and site area.	Calculated as per definition clause.	Yes
6.2 Earthworks	Objectives to be satisfied	No change to existing.	Yes
6.4 Stormwater	Objectives relating to stormwater to be satisfied	No change to existing.	Yes
6.6 Essential Services	Objectives relating to essential services to be satisfied; (a) the supply of water, (b) the supply of electricity, (c) the disposal and management of sewage, (d) stormwater drainage or on-site conservation, (e) waste management, (f) suitable vehicular access.	Essential services such as water, electricity, disposal of sewerage, drainage and suitable vehicular access provided in accordance with the requirements of this clause in relation to the existing building.	Yes

The proposal complies with the permissibility, zone objectives, Development Standard and considerations under the Canterbury Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023.

PART 4 DIVISION 4.3 SECTION 4.15 (1)(A)(II) ANY DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING INSTRUMENT/ DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN

CANTERBURY BANKSTOWN DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2023

Chapter 2.1 Site Analysis

The proposed change of use is considered to be compatible with the immediate surrounding area and uses on site.

Chapter 3.1 Engineering Standards

The proposal does not seek any changes to the building or increase in impervious areas, therefore there is no increase in stormwater impact.

Chapter 3.2 Parking

The proposal has been considered in accordance with the key relevant considerations of this subsection.

Clause	Control	Proposal	Complies
2.1	Council's controls do not prescribe a car parking rate for a storage premises. A best fit consideration is a warehouse. The guide for Traffic Generating Development makes reference to Warehouses at a rate of 1 car space per 300sqm is recommended which aligns with Councils DCP of 1 space per 300mGFA per 2 staff, whichever is the greater.	Two (2) car parking spaces within rear setback.	Yes
2.2	In calculating the total number of car parking spaces required for development, these must be: (a) rounded down if the fraction of the total calculation is	Noted.	Yes

	less than half (0.5) a space; or (b) rounded up if the fraction of the total calculation is equal or more than half (0.5) a space; and (c) must include a room that is capable of being converted to a bedroom.	Eviating our partiting	Van
2.3	Development comprising more than one land use must provide the combined parking requirement based on the individual rates of parking for each land use identified in the Off- Street Parking Schedule	Existing car parking rate has been considered in relation to uses on site.	Yes
2.4	Car parking (and associated space such as access aisles) in excess of the Off-Street Parking Schedule will be counted as gross floor area	The proposal does not seek any additional car parking spaces which would be calculated in floor space.	Yes
2.5	Development not included in the Off- Street Parking Schedule must submit a parking study for Council's consideration. A qualified traffic consultant must prepare the parking study.	Storage Premises are now specified within Council's land use DCP car parking rate however a best fit approach as been considered.	Yes
B1.3.2 Accessible Parking Rate	BCA Class 9	Less than 10 spaces.	Yes

	C5. In a development containing more than 10 spaces, provide 1 (one) accessible parking space for every 25 spaces designed and constructed in accordance with AS 2890.1.		
	Accessible off-street parking rates 2.7 Accessible parking is required to be designed and constructed in accordance with the following rates: 1 accessible parking space per 50 parking space for visitors per 50 parking spaces where a car park has less than 500 spaces; 1 additional accessible parking space per 100 parking spaces above 500 spaces	Capacity for (1) accessible space provided on site at rear.	Yes
Section 3 – Design and Layout	for visitors Parking location 3.1 Development must not locate entries to car parking or delivery areas:	Driveway entry existing. No changes proposed.	Yes

	I		1
	(a) close to		
	intersections and		
	signalised junctions;		
	(b) on crests or		
	curves;		
	(c) where adequate		
	sight distance is not		
	available;		
	(d) opposite parking		
	entries of other		
	buildings that		
	generate a large		
	amount of traffic		
	(unless separated by		
	a raised median		
	island);		
	(e) where right		
	turning traffic		
	entering may		
	obstruct through		
	traffic;		
	(f) where vehicles		
	entering might		
	interfere with		
	operations of bus		
	stops, taxi ranks,		
	loading zones or		
	pedestrian		
	crossings; or		
	(g) where there are obstructions which		
	may prevent drivers		
	from having a clear		
	view of pedestrians		
	and vehicles.	Dealised and a star an	Ma a
3.2	Parking areas for	Parking area at rear.	Yes
	people with		
	disabilities should be		
	close to an entrance		
	to development.		
	Access from the		
	parking area to the		
	development should		
	be by ramps or		
	lifts where there are		
	separate levels.		

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3.4	Council may	No change proposed	Yes
	consider tandem	to existing car	
	parking in the	parking	
	following situations:	configuration.	
	(a) Industrial		
	development where		
	the users of the car		
	parking will almost		
	all be Employees (b)		
	High density		
	residential flat		
	buildings, shop top		
	housing and mixed		
	use development if		
	the parking users		
	reside in the same		
	dwelling or the		
	employees		
	work in the same		
	premises.		
	(c) Tandem parking		
	for a maximum of		
	two vehicles is		
	permissible in		
	dwelling houses,		
	dual occupancies,		
	attached dwellings,		
	secondary		
	dwellings, semi-		
	detached		
	dwellings, multi		
	dwelling housing and		
	multi dwelling		
	housing (terraces) if		
	the		
	parking users reside		
	in the same dwelling		
3.5	Tandem parking is	Not existing.	N/A
	not permitted where		
	a high proportion of		
	the users of the car		
	park are visitors or		
	customers.		
3.7	customers. Mechanical parking	No car lift is	Yes

	oorlifto will not be		
	car lifts, will not be		
0.0	supported.	The same of the	Ma a
3.8	Access driveway	The proposed	Yes
	width and design	driveway	
	The location of	incorporates the	
	driveways to	most logical and	
	properties should	direct route to the	
	allow the shortest,	street as existing.	
	most direct access		
	over the nature strip		
	from the road.		
3.9	The appropriate	Existing driveway	Yes
	driveway width is	contains a single	
	dependent on the	width.	
	type of parking		
	facility, whether		
	entry and exit points		
	are combined or		
	separate, the		
	frontage road type		
	and the number		
	of parking spaces		
	served by the access		
0.40	facility.		
3.12	Minimum headroom	No basement	N/A
	dimensions	proposed.	
	Clear headroom		
	dimension is		
	necessary to make		
	sure that vehicles		
	are clear of		
	mechanical or		
	service obstructions		
	such as fire		
	sprinklers, lighting		
	fixtures and signs.		
	Following minimum		
	headroom		
	dimension has to be		
	maintained in all		
	development.		
	Min headroom		
	Cars and light vans:		
	2.4m		
	People with		
	disabilities: 2.3m		

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Comissouristat	Comise sur laist	No.
		Yes
• •		Yes
1 0 0		
areas are to have at	designed as existing.	
least		
-		
•		
before they intersect		
pavements and		
carriageways.		
Sight distance	Adequate sight lines	Yes
requirement	provided as existing.	
3.19 For all		
development,		
adequate sight		
distance must be		
provided for vehicles		
exiting driveways.		
Clear sight lines are		
to be provided at the		
street boundary to		
ensure adequate		
visibility between		
vehicles on the		
driveway and		
pedestrians on the		
footway		
and vehicles on the		
roadway.		
Pedestrian access	Direct pedestrian	Yes
Parking areas should	access provided.	
be designed so that		
through-traffic is		
excluded, and		
entrances and exits		
vehicular entrances		
and exits.		
	one full car length of level driveway before they intersect pavements and carriageways. Sight distance requirement 3.19 For all development, adequate sight distance must be provided for vehicles exiting driveways. Clear sight lines are to be provided at the street boundary to ensure adequate visibility between vehicles on the driveway and pedestrians on the footway and vehicles on the footway. Pedestrian access Parking areas should be designed so that through-traffic is excluded, and pedestrian entrances and exits are separate from vehicular entrances	to enter and leave the site in a forward forward direction as existing.Safety and security Sloping ramps from car parks, garages and other communal areas are to have at leastCar park and garages appropriately located and designed as existing.Ieastone full car length of level driveway before they intersect pavements and carriageways.Image: Carriageways.Sight distance requirement adequate sight distance must be provided for vehicles exiting driveways.Adequate sight lines revoided as existing.Clear sight lines are to be provided at the street boundary to ensure adequate visibility between vehicles on the footway and vehicles on the footway.Direct pedestrian access provided.Pedestrian access Parking areas should be designed so that through-traffic is excluded, and pedestrianDirect pedestrian access provided.Pedestrian entrances and exits are separate from vehicular entrancesDirect pedestrian access provided.

0.01			
3.21	Lifts and stair	Lifts and stair	Yes
	lobbies should be	lobbies are to be	
	prominently marked	marked and existing.	
	to help users find		
	them and to		
	increase personal		
	security.		
3.22	In split-level/multi-	On grade car parking.	Yes
	level car parks, a		
	stairway should be		
	located at the split-		
	level, to		
	provide pedestrian		
	access between		
	these levels and		
	eliminate		
	pedestrians having		
	touse		
	vehicular ramps.		
3.26	Provide a mix of	Not applicable.	Yes
	bicycle storage		
	facilities to cater for		
	short and long stay		
	parking		
3.27	3.27 Bicycle racks or	Can be provided on	Yes
	stands placed in	site.	
	open public areas		
	that provide only		
	means to lock one		
	wheel of a bicycle to		
	a fixture is not an		
	acceptable secure		
	arrangement.		
	Devices requiring a		
	wheel to be removed		
	are also not		
	acceptable		
3.28		Adequate biovala	Yes
3.20	3.28 Development	Adequate bicycle	162
	must incorporate the	facilities provided and located on site.	
	following elements	and localed on Site.	
	into the design and		
	location of		
	bicycle parking:		
	(a) all facilities are		
	clearly visible and as		
	close as possible to		

			1
	the main		
	entrances/exits		
	to the street and		
	within the building;		
	(b) short-stay and		
	visitor parking is at-		
	grade and floor and		
	wall-mounted rails		
	are		
	acceptable;		
	(c) long-stay and		
	resident parking is on		
	the uppermost level		
	of a basement car		
	park;		
	(d) a safe path of		
	travel between		
	bicycle parking and		
	the main		
	entrances/exits is		
	clearly marked;		
	(e) bicycle facilities		
	are not to hinder		
	vehicle and		
	pedestrian		
	movements, or		
	contribute to the		
	likelihood of injury to		
	passing pedestrians;		
	(f) access paths to		
	bicycle parking are a		
	minimum of 1.5m		
	wide for oneway		
	access		
	path to allow the		
	passage of a		
	pedestrian pushing a		
	bicycle; and		
	(g) standardised		
	information signs are		
	to be used to give		
	directions to bicycle		
	parking areas.		
3.29	Bicycle parking	Can be provided on	Yes
	facilities are to be	site.	
	well lit to minimise		
	woll at to minimise		

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	theft, vandalism,		
	reduce pedestrian		
	hazard and to		
	improve safety of the		
	cyclists.		
3.30	Visitor parking	No visitor parking	Yes
	3.30 Visitor spaces	required.	
	must not be located		
	behind security grills		
	and must be easily		
	accessible.		
3.31	3.31 Clearly mark	No visitor parking	Yes
	and signpost visitor	required.	
	parking, and locate		
	on the ground floor		
	where possible,		
	so that it is easy to		
	find and access.		
3.32	3.32 Visitor parking	As above.	Yes
	should be located		
	near the main		
	pedestrian entrance		
	to the building and		
	can be located in		
	front of the building		
	alignment, but not		
	encroach upon the		
	front setback areas.		
3.33	Basement parking	No basement.	N/A
	3.33 Provide		
	ventilation to		
	basement parking.		
	Location and details		
	of mechanical		
	ventilation		
	design must be		
	outlined in		
	applications to		
	Council.		
3.34	3.34 Design and	Not proposed.	N/A
	integrate basement		
	parking so as not to		
	accentuate the scale		
	or bulk of a building,		
	or detract from the		

	-		1
	streetscape or front		
	setback character.		
3.37	3.37 Provide secure	Not proposed.	N/A
	bicycle parking at		
	basement level		
	which is easily		
	accessible from		
	ground		
	level, from		
	apartments and		
	other uses within the		
	development.		
3.38	3.38 Keep all loading	No change to	Yes
	docks, parking areas	existing layout.	
	and driveways clear		
	of goods and do not		
	use for storage,		
	including garbage		
	storage, so that free		
	movement is		
	available at all times.		
3.39	3.39 Locate and	No change to	Yes
	design so that	existing layout.	
	impacts such as		
	noise, exhaust		
	fumes and headlight		
	glare, are minimised		
	on adjoining		
	residential uses or		
	residential zoned		
	land.		

Industrial

Clause	Control	Proposal	Complies
C1 General Industrial Precinct	The General Industrial Precinct will continue to support successful	The proposed change of use results in the creation of jobs. The site is currently	Yes
	employment and economic activity as its primary role. This precinct is vital to Canterbury- Bankstown's position and future economic	vacant.	

C2 Light Industrial	success in the Central River City, and will continue to offer residents jobs closer to home. The built form will be mostly contemporary industrial development set on large lots within a safe and high quality environment. Non- industrial development will be limited to land uses that are compatible with the primary employment role of the precinct.	The proposal seeks to	Yes
Precinct	Precinct will continue to support successful employment and economic activity as its primary role. This precinct is vital to Canterbury- Bankstown's position and future economic success in the Central River City, and will continue to offer residents jobs closer to home. The built form will be mostly contemporary light industries, warehouses and urban services within a safe and high quality environment. These uses would be 'light' in nature, meaning they would not cause nuisance or adversely affect the surrounding amenity by way of noise or emissions.	create employment opportunities.	

	development will be		
	limited to land uses		
	that are compatible		
	with the primary		
	employment role of		
	the precinct		
Section 2 – Building For			1
	Site cover 2.1 The	Building 160sqm	Yes
	sum of the total area	Site area 554sqm	
	of building(s) on the	= 28.88%	
	ground floor level		
	must not exceed 70%		
	of the site area		
Street setbacks	2.2 This clause	The site is located on	Yes
2.2	applies to land within	a local road.	
	the former		
	Bankstown Local		
	Government Area: (a)		
	Where sites adjoin a		
	state or regional road		
	(refer to Appendix 1), the minimum setback		
	to the primary and		
	secondary street		
	frontages is 15m. (b)		
	Where sites do not		
	adjoin a state or		
	regional road, the		
	minimum setback to:		
	(i) the primary street		
	frontage is 10m; and		
	(ii) the secondary		
	street frontage is 3m.		
2.3	This clause applies to	No change to existing	Yes
	land within the	front setback which is	
	former Canterbury	to be retained.	
	Local Government		
	Area: (a) The		
	minimum setback to		
	the primary street		
	frontage is 5m. (b)		
	The minimum		
	setback to the		
	secondary street		
	frontage is 2m.		
2.4	Despite clauses 2.2	As above.	Yes
~ ••	and 2.3, Council may		
	vary the minimum		
	setback provided the		
	development: (a)		
	aevelopment. (a)		

	1		
	complies with any		
	statutory alignment		
	that applies to the		
	site; or (b) provides		
	adequate space to		
	meet the vehicle		
	access, car parking,		
	loading and		
	landscaping controls;		
	or (c) demonstrates		
	compatibility with the		
	building alignment of		
	neighbouring		
	development or the		
	desired character of		
	the area; or (d)		
	achieves an		
	appropriate bulk and		
	scale.		
Rear and side	2.5 Council may	No change to existing	Yes
setbacks	require minimum	building form.	
2.5	setbacks to the side		
2.0	and rear boundaries		
	of the site: (a) to		
	maintain reasonable		
	solar access or visual		
	privacy to		
	neighbouring		
	dwellings; or (b) to		
	avoid an easement or		
	tree dripline on the		
	site or adjoining sites;		
	or (c) to comply with		
	any multi-level risk		
	-		
	assessment undertaken for a		
	development that		
	ascertains the need		
	for an appropriate		
	setback or buffer		
	zone between the		
	development and any		
	adjoining or		
	neighbouring land		
	within a residential		
	zone		
2.6	The design of	The change of use	Yes
	buildings must	does not result in any	
	ensure that: (a) At	changes to the	
	least one living area		

			1
	of a dwelling on an	existing single storey	
	adjoining site must	form.	
	receive a minimum		
	three hours of		
	sunlight between		
	8.00am and 4.00pm		
	at the mid-winter		
	solstice. Where this		
	requirement cannot		
	be met, the		
	development must		
	not result with		
	additional		
	overshadowing on		
	the affected living		
	areas of the dwelling.		
	(b) A minimum 50%		
	of the required		
	private open space		
	for a dwelling that		
	adjoins a		
	development		
	receives at least		
	three hours of		
	sunlight between		
	9.00am and 5.00pm		
	at the equinox. Where		
	this requirement		
	cannot be met, the		
	development must		
	not result with		
	additional		
	overshadowing on		
	the affected private		
	-		
Dovelopment	open space.	As stated above the	Yes
Development	In determining a	As stated above, the	res
adjacent to residential	development	change of use does	
zones	application that	not result in any	
	relates to a site	changes to the	
	adjoining land in Zone	existing single storey	
	R2, R3 or R4, Council	form.	
	must take into		
	consideration the		
	following matters: (a)		
	whether any		
	proposed building is		
	compatible with the		
	height, scale, siting		
	and character of		
	existing residential		

development within	
the adjoining	
residential zone; (b)	
whether goods, plant,	
equipment and other	
material used in	
carrying out the	
proposed	
development will be	
stored or suitably	
screened from	
residential	
development; (c)	
whether the	
proposed	
development will	
maintain reasonable	
solar access to	
residential	
development	
between the hours of	
8.00am and 4.00pm	
at the mid-winter	
solstice; (d) whether	
noise generation from	
fixed sources or	
motor vehicles	
associated with the	
proposed	
development will be	
effectively insulated	
or otherwise	
minimised; (e)	
whether the	
proposed	
development will	
otherwise cause	
nuisance to	
residents, by way of	
hours of operation,	
traffic movement,	
parking, headlight	
glare, security	
lighting, fumes,	
gases, smoke, dust or	
odours, or the like;	
and (f) whether any	
windows or balconies	
facing residential	
areas will be treated	

Setbacks to riparian corridors 2.8	to avoid overlooking of private yard space or windows in residences. Development must achieve a minimum setback of 15m from a riparian corridor (measured from the top of the watercourse banks) and must revegetate the riparian corridor to Council's satisfaction.	The site is not within close proximity to a riparian corridor.	Yes
Development adjacent to channelled waters 2.9	Development must provide access to channelled watercourses for maintenance and repair	No change to existing built form. Channel to the west can be accessed to from the site. It is noted that a private driveway further to the west can also provide access.	Yes
Open Space 2.10	Development must provide a landscaped area along the primary and secondary street frontages of a site in accordance with the following minimum widths: Less than 600sqm: Sites not on regional road. Min landscape width 2.5m.	Landscape strip to be provided.	Yes
	Despite this clause, Council may vary the minimum setback provided the development complements a high quality landscaped image of neighbouring development or the		

	desired future		
	character of the area	 · · ·	
2.11	Development must:	The proposal does not	
	(a) retain and protect	result in the removal	
	any existing trees	of trees.	
	identified by Council		
	on the site and		
	adjoining sites; and		
	(b) must not change		
	the ground level		
	(existing) within 3m of		
	the base of the trunk		
	or within the dripline,		
	whichever is the		
	greatest.		
2.12	Development must	Existing street tree	Yes
	plant at least one	within the Council	
	street tree at 5m	reserve.	
	intervals along the		
	length of the primary		
	and secondary street		
	frontages. Council		
	may vary this		
	requirement in		
	response to proposed		
	tree species, site		
	constraints limit their		
	inclusion or a street		
	tree already exists in		
	good condition.		
2.13	Development must	Can be provided.	Yes
	plant trees in the		
	landscaped area at a		
	minimum rate of one		
	canopy tree per 30m2		
	of the landscaped		
	area. The canopy tree		
	must be capable of		
	achieving a mature		
	height greater than		
	5m		
2.14	Where development	Less than 20 cars.	Yes
2.17	proposes an outdoor		
	car park with 20 or		
	more car parking		
	spaces, the car park		
	design must include		
	at least one tree per 5		
	car parking spaces to		
	the following		

	· · · ·		,ı
	specifications: (a) a		
	tree must be a single		
	trunk species to allow		
	a minimum visibility		
	clearance of 1.5m		
	measured above the		
	ground level		
	(existing); and (b) a		
	tree must be planted		
	in an island bed that		
	is a minimum 2m in		
	width and 4m in		
	length		
2.14 Employee	Development must	Outdoor area located	Yes
Amenities	provide an outdoor	within the rear	100
Amonitios	employee amenity	setback.	
	area with a minimum	SCIDACK.	
	area of 25m2 . This		
	area should include a		
	combination of grass,		
	_		
	plantings, pavement,		
	shade, and seating to		
	allow employees to		
	engage in a pleasant		
	working environment.		
2.16	Development must	Loading area located	Yes
	locate the employee	on opposite side of	
	amenity area away	rear setback.	
	amenity area away from sources of		
	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such		
	amenity area away from sources of		
	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such		
	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and		
	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy		
	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust,		
	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat,		
Section 3 Building Desig	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances.		
Section 3 Building Desig Façade Design	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances.		Yes
_	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances.	rear setback.	Yes
Façade Design	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances. gn Development must	rear setback. No change to existing	Yes
Façade Design	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances. gn Development must articulate the facades	rear setback. No change to existing	Yes
Façade Design	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances. gn Development must articulate the facades to achieve a unique	rear setback. No change to existing	Yes
Façade Design	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances. Development must articulate the facades to achieve a unique and contemporary architectural	rear setback. No change to existing	Yes
Façade Design	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances. gn Development must articulate the facades to achieve a unique and contemporary	rear setback. No change to existing	Yes
Façade Design	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances. Development must articulate the facades to achieve a unique and contemporary architectural appearance that: (a)	rear setback. No change to existing	Yes
Façade Design	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances. gn Development must articulate the facades to achieve a unique and contemporary architectural appearance that: (a) unites the facades with the whole	rear setback. No change to existing	Yes
Façade Design	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances. Development must articulate the facades to achieve a unique and contemporary architectural appearance that: (a) unites the facades with the whole building form; (b)	rear setback. No change to existing	Yes
Façade Design	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances. In Development must articulate the facades to achieve a unique and contemporary architectural appearance that: (a) unites the facades with the whole building form; (b) composes the	rear setback. No change to existing	Yes
Façade Design	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances. gn Development must articulate the facades to achieve a unique and contemporary architectural appearance that: (a) unites the facades with the whole building form; (b) composes the facades with an	rear setback. No change to existing	Yes
Façade Design	amenity area away from sources of intrusive noise (such as loading and servicing, and heavy machinery), dust, vibration, heat, fumes, odour or other nuisances. In Development must articulate the facades to achieve a unique and contemporary architectural appearance that: (a) unites the facades with the whole building form; (b) composes the	rear setback. No change to existing	Yes

	1	1	
	responds to the use		
	of the building and		
	the desired		
	contextual character;		
	(c) combines high		
	quality materials and		
	finishes; (d)		
	considers the		
	architectural		
	elements shown in		
	Figure 3a; and (e)		
	considers any other		
	architectural		
	elements to Council's		
	satisfaction		
3.2	Development may	As above.	Yes
	have predominantly		
	glazed facades		
	provided it does not		
	cause significant		
	glare nuisance		
3.3	Industrial retail	No retail outlet	Yes
	outlets must	proposed.	
	incorporate shopfront		
	style windows with		
	clear glazing so that		
	people can see into		
	the premises and vice		
	versa. Council		
	discourages the use		
	of obscure or opaque		
	glass, or other types		
	of screening		
3.4	Where development	The proposal does not	Yes
	proposes a portal	seek changes to the	
	frame or similar	existing building	
	construction, Council	fabric.	
	does not allow the		
	'stepping' of the		
	parapet to follow the		
	line of the portal		
	frame		
Façade design (corner	The street facade of	The site is not located	N/A
sites)	development on a	on a corner.	
3.5	corner site must		
	incorporate		
	architectural corner		
	features to add visual		
	interest to the		

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Feeder de statist	Development 1	Na ahan ta ta ta t	Vee
Façade design (materials) 3.6	Development must use: (a) quality materials such as brick, glass, and steel to construct the facades to a development (Council does not permit the use of standard concrete block); and (b) masonry materials to construct a factory unit within a building, and all internal dividing walls separating the factory units. Despite this clause, Council may consider a small portion of the street facade to comprise metal sheet or other low maintenance material provided it complies with the Building Code of Australia.	No change to existing building fabric.	Yes
Roof Design 3.7	Development must incorporate an innovative roof design that: (a) achieves a unique and contemporary architectural appearance; and (b) combines high quality materials and finishes.	No change to existing pitched roof.	Yes
Safety and security 3.8	The front door to buildings should face the street.	No change to existing front door.	Yes
3.9	The administration offices or industrial retail outlets must locate at the front of buildings	No change to existing building.	Yes

3.10	Windows on the upper floors of a building must, where possible, overlook the street	Single storey built form.	N/A
3.11	Access to loading docks or other restricted areas in buildings must only be available to tenants via a large security door with an intercom, code or lock system	The site is secured by a front fence.	Yes
3.12	Unless impractical, access to outdoor car parks must be closed to the public outside of business hours via a lockable gate.	The site is secured by fencing.	Yes
3.13	Development must provide lighting to the external entry paths, common lobbies, driveways and car parks using vandal resistant, high mounted light fixtures.	Adequate lighting onsite provided.	Yes
3.14	Council must take into consideration the following matters for development in the industrial zones: (a) whether the proposed development will provide adequate off- street parking, relative to the demand for parking likely to be generated; (b) whether the site of the proposed development will be suitably landscaped, particularly between any buildings and the street alignment; (c) whether the	Compliant car parking provided.	Yes

Vehicle body repair workshop 3.16	proposed development will be suitably stored or screened; (f) whether the proposed development will detract from the amenity of any residential area in the vicinity; and (g) whether the proposed development adopts energy efficiency and resource conservation measures related to its design, construction and operation Council must not grant consent to development for the purpose of a vehicle body repair workshop if the site adjoins land within a residential zone, unless appropriate arrangements are made to store all vehicles awaiting or undergoing repair, awaiting collection, or otherwise involved with the development on the site of the proposed development, and they will be stored either: (a) within a	The use does not relate to a workshop.	N/A
Service Stations and vehicle sales or hire premises 3.17	-	The use does not relate to a service station.	N/A

			1
	primary and		
	secondary street		
	frontages.		
3.18	Service stations and	The use does not	N/A
	vehicle sales or hire	relate to a service	
	premises must locate	station.	
	an active frontage		
	use (such as a		
	showroom, office,		
	customer service		
	area, convenience		
	store or restaurant)		
	along the primary and		
	secondary street		
	frontages.		
3.19	Service stations and	The use does not	N/A
	vehicle sales or hire	relate to a service	
	premises must locate	station.	
	a vehicle repair		
	station and		
	associated car park		
	at the basement level		
	or at the rear of the		
	site		
Section 4- Environment			
		The site is proposed to	N/A
Acoustic Privacy 4.1	Development must: (a) consider the Noise	The site is proposed to	IN/A
4.1		be used as a storage	
	Deliov for Industry	-	
	Policy for Industry	premise. This forms a	
	and the acoustic	premise. This forms a permissible use on	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to create a noise	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable amenity disruption	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to create a noise	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable amenity disruption however the hours of	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to create a noise	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable amenity disruption however the hours of operation are 7.00am	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to create a noise	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable amenity disruption however the hours of operation are 7.00am – 5.00pm Monday to	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to create a noise	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable amenity disruption however the hours of operation are 7.00am – 5.00pm Monday to Saturday. Closed on	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to create a noise	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable amenity disruption however the hours of operation are 7.00am – 5.00pm Monday to Saturday. Closed on Sunday which is	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to create a noise	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable amenity disruption however the hours of operation are 7.00am – 5.00pm Monday to Saturday. Closed on Sunday which is commensurate with	
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to create a noise nuisance.	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable amenity disruption however the hours of operation are 7.00am – 5.00pm Monday to Saturday. Closed on Sunday which is commensurate with other industrial uses.	
Pollution Control	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to create a noise nuisance.	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable amenity disruption however the hours of operation are 7.00am – 5.00pm Monday to Saturday. Closed on Sunday which is commensurate with other industrial uses. The use relates to a	Yes
Pollution Control 4.2	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to create a noise nuisance.	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable amenity disruption however the hours of operation are 7.00am – 5.00pm Monday to Saturday. Closed on Sunday which is commensurate with other industrial uses. The use relates to a storage premise and	Yes
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to create a noise nuisance.	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable amenity disruption however the hours of operation are 7.00am – 5.00pm Monday to Saturday. Closed on Sunday which is commensurate with other industrial uses. The use relates to a storage premise and therefore no	Yes
	and the acoustic amenity of adjoining residential zoned land; and (b) may require adequate soundproofing to any machinery or activity that is considered to create a noise nuisance.	premise. This forms a permissible use on site. The site is located on an interface zone with residential. It is considered that given the interface that some there is some level of reasonable amenity disruption however the hours of operation are 7.00am – 5.00pm Monday to Saturday. Closed on Sunday which is commensurate with other industrial uses. The use relates to a storage premise and	Yes

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	in all stands in	a allesta succ	1
	pollutants in	pollutants are	
	accordance with the	generated.	
	requirements of the		
	relevant public		
	authority.		
Section 5 – Site Facilitie	es		-
Storage Areas	The storage and use	No hazardous	Yes
5.1	of hazardous	materials.	
	materials must		
	comply with the		
	requirements of		
	WorkCover NSW and		
	other relevant public		
	authorities.		
5.2	The storage and use	No dangerous goods.	Yes
	of dangerous goods		
	must comply with the		
	Dangerous Goods		
	(Road and Rail		
	Transport) Act 2008		
	and its regulations,		
	and any other		
	requirements of		
	WorkCover NSW.		
Building Design	The location and	No additional utilities	N/A
(utilities and building	design of utilities and	required on site.	
services)	building services		
5.3	(such as plant rooms,		
0.0	hydrants, equipment		
	and the like) must be		
	shown on the plans		
5.4	Utilities and building	As above.	N/A
0.4	services are to be	A3 00000.	
	integrated into the		
	building design and		
	concealed from		
	public view.		
5.5	External lighting to	The proposal does not	Yes
0.0	industrial	seek any changes to	160
	development must	the existing building	
	give consideration to	fabric. On this basis,	
	the impact of glare on	there is no material	
	the amenity of	glare impact.	
E C	adjoining residents.	There is a Council	Voo
5.6	Council may require		Yes
	development to	street tree on the	
	include public	public reserve. This is	
	domain	to be retained.	
	improvements to an		
	adjacent footpath in		

	accordance with a design approved by Council's Landscape		
Building Design (substations) 5.7	Architect The location and design of substations must be shown on the plans	Not proposed.	N/A
5.8	Substations should locate underground. Where not possible, substations are to be integrated into the building design and concealed from public view	Not proposed.	N/A
5.9	Substations must not locate forward of the front building line.	Not proposed.	N/A
Food Premises 5.10	5.10 The design, construction, and operation of a food premises must comply with: (a) Food Act 2003; (b) Food Regulation 2010; (c) FSANZ Food Standards Code; and (d) Australian Standard AS 4674– 2004, Design, construction and fitout of food premises.	The use does not relate to a food and drink premises.	N/A
Front Fences 5.11	The maximum fence height for front fences is 1.8m.	No change to existing front fence at 1.2m.	N/A
5.12	The external appearance of front fences along the primary and secondary street frontages must ensure: (a) the section of the front fence that comprises solid construction (not including pillars) does not exceed a fence height of 1m	No change to existing front fence at 1.2m. This comprises of a solid masonry base and open wrought iron grills above.	N/A

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	above ground level	
	(existing); and (b) the	
	remaining height of	
	the front fence	
	comprises open style	
	construction such as	
	spaced timber	
	pickets or wrought	
	iron that enhance and	
	unify the building	
	design.	
5.13	Council does not	
	allow the following	
	types of front fences:	
	(a) chain wire, metal	
	sheeting, brushwood,	
	and electric fences;	
	and (b) noise	
	attenuation walls	

Given the above, the proposal is considered to achieve a high level of compliance and is considered to result in a reasonable planning outcome which is commensurate of other storage premises within the locality.

SECTION 4.15 EVALUATION (3A)

(3A) Development control plans If a development control plan contains provisions that relate to the development that is the subject of a development application, the consent authority:

(a) if those provisions set standards with respect to an aspect of the development and the development application complies with those standards—is not to require more onerous standards with respect to that aspect of the development, and

(b) if those provisions set standards with respect to an aspect of the development and the development application does not comply with those standards—is to be flexible in applying those provisions and allow reasonable alternative solutions that achieve the objects of those standards for dealing with that aspect of the development, and
(c) may consider those provisions only in connection with the assessment of that

development application. In this subsection, standards include performance criteria

<u>Comment:</u> In relation to the above, the proposal is considered to achieve a high level of compliance.

PART 4 DIVISION 4.3 SECTION 4.15 (1)(B) THE LIKELY IMPACTS OF THAT DEVELOPMENT, INCLUDING ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS ON BOTH THE NATURAL AND BUILT ENVIRONMENTS, AND SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC IMPACTS IN THE LOCALITY

Natural Environment Impacts

No unacceptable unreasonable natural environmental impacts are generated by this proposal given the nature of the use.

Built Environment Impacts

The proposal is also considered to satisfy and meet the key objectives and intent and requirements of the planning controls. In this regard, the proposal is not considered to result in any unacceptable unreasonable adverse built environment impacts.

Economic Impacts

The proposed change of use to a storage premises is not considered to result in any unacceptable economic impacts given the proposed use as a storage premises of which forms a permissible use within the zone. This is considered to result in the creation of employment which is an economic benefit.

Social Impacts

The proposed change of use seeks to development consent for a storage premises. The proposal is not considered to result in any unacceptable social impacts. The hours of operation are considered to be reasonable and commensurate with that of other storage premises within metropolitan Sydney. It is also noted that within exempt development trading is permitted 24 hours a day.

PART 4 DIVISION 4.3 SECTION 4.15 (1)(C) THE SUITABILITY OF THE SITE FOR THE DEVELOPMENT

Suitability of the site

The proposed change of use to a storage premises is considered to be suitable for the subject site and forms a permissible use within the Canterbury Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023. The proposal is considered to be appropriate as the proposal adequately satisfies and does not offend the underlying objectives of the applicable planning controls as stated within this report.

PART 4 DIVISION 4.3 SECTION 4.15 (1)(E) THE PUBLIC INTEREST

Public Interest

The proposed change of use to a storage premises is considered to be in the public interest for the reasons contained within this report. As previously stated, the proposal adequately satisfies the underlying planning objectives of the controls and results in a reasonable planning outcome for the site with no unacceptable material adverse impacts to the immediate adjoining area.

PART C: CONCLUSION

The proposed change of use to a storage premises is considered to be appropriate as the considerations against the Statutory provisions have been met. The proposal satisfies the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended), Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021 (as amended), State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity And Conservation) 2021, State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience And Hazards) 2021, State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport And Infrastructure) 2021, Canterbury Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023 and Canterbury Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023. It is considered that the proposal results in a reasonable planning outcome.

Kind regards,

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